

72453 to 72570—Continued.

72495. PRIMULA sp.

No. 7054. A robust, bright-yellow-flowered plant 12 to 15 inches in diameter, growing on meadow-clad slopes.

72496. PRIMULA sp.

No. 7226. A species growing on open banks and alpine grass slopes. The fragrant flowers are rich violet, with an orange tube.

72497. PRIMULA sp.

No. 7228. A local plant 6 inches or less in height, growing on gneiss rocks and gravel slopes, facing south. It recalls *Primula cawdoriana*, but is paler in color and altogether more slight. The frail, pale-violet flowers are often reduced to one, but sometimes there are three or four.

72498. PYRUS sp. Malaceae.

Pear.

No. 6851. A spreading tree 30 feet high, growing in the uppermost rain forest, up to an altitude of 10,000 feet. The large glossy leaves make it an acquisition as a foliage tree. The fruits and inconspicuous flowers are white.

72499. RHEUM sp. Polygonaceae. Rhubarb.

No. 7101. A giant herb growing in stony wet ground, along the courses of alpine streams. The flowering stem, a stately column of maroon sorrell-like flowers, grows from the center of a mass of rhubarb-like leaves, reaching a height of 12 feet.

72500 to 72565. RHODODENDRON spp. Ericaceae.

Numbers 72500 to 72544 are from the Seingku Valley.

72500. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6735. An epiphytic bushy undershrub, more or less confined to trees growing on exposed ridges, found at an altitude of 6,000 feet. The young foliage is crimson, and the flowers are bright orange with red anthers.

72501. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6735 or 6801.

72502. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6736. A stout bush 10 or 12 feet high, densely clothing an exposed cliff at an altitude of 9,000 feet.

72503. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6751 or 6794.

72504. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6752. A large shrub or small gnarled tree about 20 feet high, wedged in the tanglewood on precipitous cliffs or growing more freely in the upper mixed forest, at altitudes between 9,000 and 10,000 feet. The flowers, 6 to 10 in a truss, are flushed purplish rose, with a deep-crimson flash at the extreme base: the calyx and pedicel are a ruddy pink, and the whole inflorescence is bristly.

72505. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6753. A small erect tree 30 feet high, growing in the tanglewood at an altitude of 9,000 feet. The leaves are brilliantly silvered beneath with a metallic sheen, and the rounded truss contains many cream flowers with twin violet spots at the base.

72506. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6782. A magnificent tree, with a straight trunk, 60 to 80 feet high, found at altitudes between 8,000 and 9,000 feet.

72453 to 72570—Continued.

72507. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6792. A bush 10 to 15 feet high, growing in thin tanglewood on the limestone ridge or on the more sheltered flank, at altitudes between 9,000 and 10,000 feet. The flowers are sulphur colored with an aura of crimson purple at the base. This may be a dwarf form of No. 6753 [No. 72505].

72508. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6793. An epiphytic leggy undershrub, found at altitudes between 9,000 and 10,000 feet. It grows on the scattered moss-bound *Tsuga* and juniper trees which rise above the tanglewood. The flowers are large, bright canary-yellow with red-brown anthers.

72509. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6794. A small compact bush 3 to 5 feet high, at an altitude of 10,000 feet, in the dense tanglewood thickets which cover the side of a ridge. The leaves are smoke-gray beneath and closely lepidote. The flowers, five in a truss, are flesh pink or pink and white, with a long crimson style; the calyx is large, leafy, and persistent.

72510. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6795. An undershrub 2 to 3 feet high, with leaves like a dwarf *thomsoni*, growing in low tanglewood on a ridge at an altitude of 10,000 feet.

72511. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6829. A bushy undershrub, lining the steep granite gullies or forming prostrate tufts on alpine slopes, at altitudes between 10,000 and 11,000 feet. The waxy flowers are bright blood red, with five coal-black pit glands at the base. Sometimes there is little or no pigment, and the flowers vary from carmine to flesh-pink tints, with blood-red glands. When in full bloom it is like sheets of red-hot lava.

72512. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6806. A small shrub 5 feet high, growing on steep grass slopes and in thickets, at altitudes between 9,000 and 10,000 feet. The pendent flowers are bright yellow.

72513. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6809. An epiphytic shrub growing at an altitude of 7,000 feet.

72514. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6818. A small tree or gnarled bushy shrub forming a dense undergrowth on steep faces clothed with *Abies* forest, or forming thickets by itself at altitudes between 10,000 and 11,000 feet. The leaves are dark green above and covered beneath with a cinnamon-colored wool. The flowers, in large trusses, are first pink, later turning cream, with a flash of crimson purple at the base.

72515. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6819. A small rather straggling undershrub liking deep shade, sometimes epiphytic on *Abies*, more usually on cliffs where water is always dripping. It is found at an altitude of 10,000 feet. The pale-yellow flowers are in trusses of two to three.

72516. RHODODENDRON sp.

No. 6831. A compact shrub 2 to 3 feet high, forming dense scrub thickets in the alpine region, often growing with No. 6829 [No. 72511], at altitudes between 10,000 and 12,000 feet. The leaves are at first woolly beneath, the thin wool eventually coming away and exposing the silvery surface. The flowers are in sheets of scarlet to carmine.